

The Hound Of Baskerville Characters

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by Carina & Madden

INTRODUCTION: THE HEART OF THE MOOR

When readers first step into the fog-shrouded world of Dartmoor in Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's masterpiece, they are immediately drawn into a mystery that is as much about human nature as it is about a spectral beast. **The Hound of Baskerville characters** are not merely placeholders in a detective story; they are richly drawn individuals whose fears, ambitions, and secrets drive one of the most celebrated narratives in literary history. Understanding these figures is essential for anyone who wishes to appreciate the depth of the novel, as each character contributes a unique thread to the dark tapestry of the Baskerville curse. From the cold logic of Sherlock Holmes to the raw terror of Sir Henry Baskerville, the cast of this novel has captivated audiences for over a century. This article will explore each major player in detail, examining their motivations, their relationships, and their crucial roles in the unfolding drama. By the end, you will see why this novel remains a benchmark for character-driven suspense.

Sherlock Holmes: The Master of Deduction

Sherlock Holmes is, without question, the intellectual engine of the story. However, in *The Hound of the Baskervilles*, Doyle makes a bold choice: Holmes is absent for a significant portion of the middle act. This absence is not a weakness but a masterstroke that allows the other **Hound of Baskerville characters** to develop organically. When Holmes is present, he dominates every scene with his sharp eyes and sharper tongue. He observes details that others miss, from the condition of a walking stick to the ash of a cigar. His relationship with Dr. Watson is the bedrock of the narrative, providing a dynamic where brilliance is tempered with humanity. Holmes' decision to remain in London while Watson accompanies Sir Henry to Baskerville Hall is a calculated risk. He understands that the villain will be more likely to act if he believes the great detective is far away. This strategic thinking defines Holmes as a character who is always several steps ahead, yet his vulnerability is hinted at through his reliance on Watson's reports. In the final confrontation on the moor, Holmes is not just a thinker; he is a man of action, coolly firing his revolver at the hellish hound. He represents order in a world of chaos, and his presence ensures that the supernatural is always met with rational explanation.

Dr. John Watson: The Reliable Narrator

Dr. John Watson serves as the eyes and ears of the reader. As the narrator of the story, Watson is the character who grounds the extraordinary events in relatable human experience. Unlike Holmes, Watson is a man of emotion and intuition. He feels genuine fear when he hears the howling on the moor, and he develops a sincere friendship with Sir Henry Baskerville. It is through Watson's observations that we meet the other **Hound of**

Baskerville characters. He is the one who interacts with the servants, interviews the neighbors, and explores the grim landscape. Watson is also a man of action; he is a former army doctor who is not afraid to stand his ground. His bravery is quiet but steadfast. Importantly, Watson's narrative style is accessible and vivid. He describes the brooding atmosphere of the great hall, the eerie silence of the Yew Alley, and the desperate flight of the convict Selden with equal skill. Without Watson's compassionate perspective, the novel might feel too cold and clinical. He is the bridge between Holmes's genius and the reader's heart, making the terrifying legend feel real and immediate.

Sir Henry Baskerville: The Heir Under Threat

Sir Henry Baskerville arrives from Canada as a vibrant, straightforward man of action. He is the last of the Baskerville line, and he walks directly into a web of danger. His character arc is one of the most compelling among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**. Initially, Sir Henry is skeptical of the curse. He is a practical man who laughs at the idea of a supernatural hound. However, as he settles into Baskerville Hall, his confidence begins to crack. The howling on the moor at night, the strange disappearance of his boots, and the ominous shadow that seems to follow him all take their toll. Sir Henry is not a passive victim; he is determined to face his fate head-on. His budding romance with Beryl Stapleton adds another layer of tension, as his desire for happiness is constantly threatened by the looming danger. Sir Henry's courage is evident when he agrees to walk across the moor alone at night to act as bait for the hound. He is a gentleman in the truest sense—brave, trusting, and honorable. His survival is crucial not just for the plot, but for the thematic resolution of the novel, proving that the curse can be broken.

Dr. James Mortimer: The Man of Science and Superstition

Dr. James Mortimer is a fascinating contradiction. He is a man of science, a medical doctor who practices in the village of Grimpen. Yet, he is also the one who brings the legend of the hound to Sherlock Holmes. Mortimer is deeply conflicted. He believes in the scientific method, but he has seen things on the moor that defy easy explanation. His character serves as the catalyst for the entire story. It is Mortimer who provides the ancient manuscript detailing the curse, and it is his genuine fear that convinces Holmes to take the case seriously. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, Mortimer is one of the most sympathetic. He is a friend to the Baskerville family and genuinely wants to protect Sir Henry. His loyalty is unwavering, even when his beliefs are challenged. Mortimer is also a man of integrity. He refuses to keep secrets from Holmes, and he provides crucial information about the Baskerville lineage and the geography of the moor. His presence reminds the reader that

even in a modern, rational world, ancient fears can still hold power.

Mr. Jack Stapleton: The Master of Deception

Jack Stapleton is the primary antagonist of the novel, and he is among the most cunning villains in all of literature. On the surface, he appears to be a gentle, educated naturalist who collects butterflies and studies the flora of the moor. In reality, he is a cold-blooded killer driven by greed. Stapleton is the descendant of a forgotten branch of the Baskerville family, and he is determined to claim the inheritance by eliminating all other heirs. His character is a study in duplicity. He presents a friendly face to Sir Henry while secretly plotting his murder. Stapleton's greatest weapon is his ability to manipulate. He uses his wife, Beryl, as a pawn to lure Sir Henry into danger. He also trains a massive hound to terrorize the locals, reinforcing the supernatural legend to cover his crimes. What makes Stapleton such a memorable villain is his absolute lack of remorse. He is willing to sacrifice anyone, including his own wife, to achieve his goals. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, Stapleton is the darkest soul, a man who hides his evil behind a mask of respectability. His ultimate fate—swallowed by the Grimpen Mire—is a fitting end for a character who was consumed by his own greed.

Beryl Stapleton: The Woman in the Shadows

Beryl Stapleton is a tragic figure. She is introduced as Stapleton's sister, but the reader eventually learns that she is actually his wife. Beryl is trapped in a coercive and abusive relationship. She is forced to pose as a single woman so that she can flirt with Sir Henry and lure him into traps set by her husband. Her moral conflict is palpable. She genuinely likes Sir Henry and does not want to see him harmed. Yet, she is terrified of her husband's temper. Beryl's character adds a layer of emotional depth to the story. She is not a villain; she is a victim. Her attempts to warn Sir Henry—through anonymous notes and cryptic remarks—show her inner goodness. When she finally breaks free from her husband's control and reveals the truth to Holmes and Watson, it is a moment of liberation. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, Beryl is perhaps the most complex. She represents the human cost of the villain's schemes, and her eventual freedom provides a note of hope in an otherwise dark tale.

Barrymore and Mrs. Barrymore: The Loyal Servants

John Barrymore and his wife are the longtime servants at Baskerville Hall. At first, they appear suspicious and secretive. Barrymore is often seen wandering the halls at night, and Mrs. Barrymore is seen crying. This behavior naturally makes them prime suspects in the eyes of Watson. However, as the story unfolds, their true motivations are revealed to be deeply human. The Barrymores are hiding the fact that Mrs. Barrymore's brother, a convicted murderer named Selden, is hiding on the moor. They

are not conspirators in the plot against Sir Henry; they are simply trying to protect a family member. Barrymore is a loyal servant who takes his duties seriously. He is protective of the Baskerville legacy, even if he is initially misunderstood. Mrs. Barrymore is a heartbroken woman torn between her duty to her employer and her love for her brother. The Barrymores remind us that not every secret in a mystery is sinister. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, they represent the theme of family loyalty, a force that can be both noble and dangerous.

Selden: The Notting Hill Murderer

Selden, the escaped convict, is a minor character whose presence looms large over the story. He is the brother of Mrs. Barrymore, and his escape from prison sets off a chain of events that increases the tension on the moor. Selden is described as a violent and desperate man. He is the reason that the search parties are on the moor, and his presence explains many of the strange lights and movements that Watson observes. However, Selden's role has a cruel twist. He dies wearing Sir Henry's old clothes, which were given to him by the Barrymores. The hound, trained to hunt Sir Henry, mistakes Selden for its target and kills him. This tragic misidentification underscores the danger that surrounds the Baskerville heir. Selden is a pawn in a much larger game, and his death serves as a grim reminder of the stakes involved. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, Selden is the most disposable, yet his fate is essential for the plot's progression.

Mr. Frankland: The Eccentric Neighbor

Mr. Frankland of Lafter Hall is a delightful comic relief character, though he also serves a crucial plot function. He is a cantankerous old man who loves lawsuits. He has sued nearly everyone in the area for various trespasses and disputes. His hobby is astronomy, which he practices from his rooftop with a powerful telescope. This hobby inadvertently makes him a valuable ally. Frankland observes a young man (Stapleton) leaving notes for a woman (Beryl) on the moor, and he also sees a boy carrying food to a secret location. He reports these observations to Watson, providing critical clues about the villain's movements. Frankland is a classic example of a "red herring" character who seems irrelevant but ultimately helps solve the mystery. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, he adds a touch of humor and humanity, showing that even a lonely eccentric can play a role in the grand drama.

Laura Lyons: The Deceived Woman

Laura Lyons is a young woman living in Coombe Tracey. She is the daughter of Mr. Frankland, from whom she is estranged. Stapleton exploits her vulnerability by pretending to be in love with her. He convinces her to write a letter that lures Sir Charles Baskerville to the moor on the night of his death. Laura is not an accomplice to murder; she is a dupe. She genuinely believes that Stapleton intends to marry her. When she learns the truth from Watson and Holmes, she is horrified. She immediately cooperates with the investigation, providing vital information about

Stapleton's manipulation. Laura's story is a cautionary tale about the dangers of trusting the wrong person. Among the **Hound of Baskerville characters**, she represents innocence corrupted by deceit, and her redemption comes through her willingness to speak the truth.

Sir Charles Baskerville: The Ghost of the Past

Though Sir Charles Baskerville is dead before the novel begins,

his presence is felt on nearly every page. He is the uncle of Sir Henry and the previous owner of Baskerville Hall. His mysterious death in the Yew Alley sets the entire plot in motion. Sir Charles was a kind, philanthropic man who spent his last years trying to improve the lives of the local villagers. However, he was also superstitious and terrified of the Baskerville legend. He was convinced that the hound was real. On the night of his death, he went to the Yew Alley to meet someone—Laura Lyons, as it turns out—and he died of a heart attack brought on by sheer terror when he saw the glowing hound. Sir Charles is a tragic figure whose fear was exploited by a ruthless killer