
Tim Conway Characters Carol Burnett Show

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THE ENDURING GENIUS OF TIM CONWAY: A LOOK AT HIS MOST BELOVED CHARACTERS ON THE CAROL BURNETT SHOW

For eleven hilarious seasons, **The Carol Burnett Show** stood as a titan of American television comedy. While the entire cast was a symphony of talent, a special brand of chaos and genius

was unleashed whenever a particular wiry, impish man walked onto the stage. That man was Tim Conway, and his contributions to the show were nothing short of legendary. To discuss the history of sketch comedy without mentioning **Tim Conway characters** on the **Carol Burnett Show** is to miss one of the most creative and physically comedic forces ever to grace the small screen.

Conway didn't just tell jokes; he inhabited worlds. He created a

gallery of indelible, often bumbling, and always hilarious personas that ranged from a perpetually confused old man to a speech-impaired pirate. His genius lay in his unpredictability, his impeccable timing, and his ability to break his castmates—most notably the steadfast Harvey Korman—into uncontrollable fits of laughter. These "corpsing" moments, where the cast tried to hold it together, became some of the most cherished segments of the show. This article dives deep into the rich tapestry of Tim Conway's characters, exploring why they worked, how they were created, and why they remain timeless examples of comedic perfection.

The Oldest Man in the World: A Masterclass in Subtle Absurdity

Arguably Conway's most recognized character is the "Oldest Man in the World," also known as Mr. Tudball. This character was a masterful mix of frustration and senility. As the bumbling, hard-of-hearing boss of

Carol Burnett's secretary, Mrs. Wiggins, Conway created a world of slow-burn comedy. The character's physicality was key: the shuffling walk, the slightly hunched posture, and the intense, squinting gaze that suggested he wasn't quite sure where he was. Mr. Tudball represented the eternal struggle of the incompetent manager trying to manage a workforce that operated on a completely different, and more illogical, wavelength.

The humor derived from the pair's inability to communicate. Mrs. Wiggins would take his every instruction literally, leading to cascading failures in the office. Conway would pepper his dialogue with non-

sequiturs and desperate, frustrated sighs. He wasn't a cartoonishly "old" man; he was a real person trapped in a cycle of confusion and failed authority. The character's longevity on the show proves that simple, character-driven comedy will always win over cheap gags. It was a perfect example of how Tim Conway could find the hilarity in the mundane experience of office inefficiency.

The Hilarious Misadven tures of

the Old Pirate

If Mr. Tudball was slow and deliberate, the Old Pirate was an exercise in physical catastrophe. This sketch, famously featuring the speech pattern "Darned, darned, darned," was a recurring vehicle for Conway to display his incredible physical comedy and improvisation skills. As a one-legged, one-eyed, and generally pathetic pirate named Dooley, Conway would wander into the office of a British governor (usually played by Harvey Korman) to request a pension or recount a "harrowing" tale of adventure on the high seas.

What made these

sketches legendary was Conway's ability to write himself into corners and then improvise his way out, or simply make things worse. One of the most famous examples is the "Elephant Story" sketch. Conway, as Dooley, begins a story about being attacked by an elephant. As he acts it out, a fake "elephant's" trunk (played by a crew member) begins to interact with him. Conway, without breaking character, ad-libbed a scene where the elephant's trunk was tampering with his wooden leg, his ear, and his coat. Harvey Korman, playing the straight man, visibly struggled to maintain composure, his face turning red with suppressed laughter. This organic creation of

comedy, born from a prop malfunction and Conway's sharp instincts, is the stuff of television legend. The Old Pirate remains a cornerstone of Tim Conway characters on the Carol Burnett Show.

The Instigator of Laughter: Conway vs. the Cast

Much of the magic of Conway's characters came from his relationship with the rest of the cast,

particularly Harvey Korman and Carol Burnett herself. Tim was a known "instigator." He lived for the moment when he could make his colleagues break character. The "Super Pan" character, from the famous "Family" sketches (a parody of *The Little Rascals*), is a perfect example. Conway played Mickey Hart, a buck-toothed, dim-witted character with a high-pitched, nasal voice. His job was to follow the other kids' instructions, which always ended in disaster, usually for Korman's character, Mr. Tudball (again).

The physical dynamic was electric. Conway would often, in the middle of a sketch, change the script or introduce a new, absurd element.

Korman would have to react, and the internal struggle between staying in character and laughing at Conway's lunacy created a third comedic layer. These "bloopers" were not interruptions; they were the show. Carol Burnett, in her autobiography, often said that when you worked with Tim Conway, you learned to be ready for anything. This unpredictable quality made his characters feel alive and dangerous—in the safest, funniest way possible.

The Stoic and the

Fool: The Dynamic with Harvey Korman

The partnership between Tim Conway and Harvey Korman is one of the greatest double acts in comedy history. Korman was the perfect foil: handsome, dignified, and often pompous. Conway was the perfect fool: scruffy, nervous, and pathetic. When Conway played the "Oldest Man" opposite Korman's flustered authority figure, or the Pirate opposite Korman's exasperated governor, it created a perfect

comedic equation.

Korman's reactions were crucial. He wasn't just a straight man; he was a reactor. He would seethe, he would sigh, and he would often completely give up on the scene, burying his face in his hands while Conway rambled on. The audience loved it because it felt authentic. You weren't just watching a sketch; you were watching Harvey Korman try to survive working with Tim Conway. This relationship elevated both performers. Without Korman's steady hand, Conway's chaos might have been too much. Without Conway's chaos, Korman's brilliance might have seemed too conventional. Together, they were magic.

Beyond Sketches: The Guest Star Assassin

A recurring trope on **The Carol Burnett Show** was the "guest star who gets wrecked." Conway often played characters designed specifically to destroy the composure of the week's special guest. Legendary actors like Dick Van Dyke, Rock Hudson, and Steve Lawrence all fell victim to Conway's antics. Conway would often approach these sketches with a

calculated naiveté, pretending to be lost or confused while setting up a physical or verbal prank.

The most famous example is the "Mama's Family" sketch with guest star Betty White. Conway played a handyman who arrives at Mama's house to fix a sink. The gag involved Conway having to crawl under the sink and eventually getting his head stuck behind the cabinet. He proceeded to ad-lib a conversation from inside the tiny space, complaining about the dust and spiders. Betty White and Vicki Lawrence were completely helpless, their laughter turning the sketch into a love letter to improvisational comedy. These moments proved that

Conway's genius was universal; he could break the strongest comedic actors of his time without ever being cruel or mean-spirited.

The Physicality of Comedy: More Than Just a Funny Face

Tim Conway wasn't just a talking head. He was a gifted physical comedian. His characterizations were full-body experiences.

Whether he was trying to control a faulty rubber sword as the Pirate, shuffling through a doorway as the Old Man, or staggering around with a mop as a janitor, his physical commitment was total. He understood that comedy is rhythm, and his body was his instrument. He could make a simple walk across the stage into a five-minute masterclass in comic timing.

This physicality was also incredibly generous. He often put himself in positions of vulnerability. He would fall, stumble, and get hit in the face. He was the butt of the joke as often as the catalyst. Charlie Chaplin and Buster Keaton were clear influences in his work, a blend of silent

film physicality with rapid-fire verbal wit. This combination is incredibly rare. Many comedians have one or the other. Conway had both, and he deployed them ruthlessly for the amusement of the audience.

Post-Show Legacy: Why These Characters Endure

The episodes of **The Carol Burnett Show** remain in constant rotation on streaming services and nostalgia

channels, decades after they first aired. The reason is simple: the comedy is timeless. The **Tim Conway characters** are not reliant on specific political jokes or dated pop culture references. They are archetypes. We all know a Mr. Tudball—a boss who is in over his head. We all know a Dooley—a friend who tells a story that goes on forever and ends in disaster. The laughs come from human nature: frustration, ambition, confusion, and the simple joy of watching someone else fail gracefully.

Furthermore, Conway's work was ahead of its time in its meta-awareness. The "breaking the fourth wall" and the visible laughter of the cast acknowledged the

audience's presence. It made us part of the joke. We weren't just watching a polished product; we were watching a group of friends having the time of their lives. That joy is infectious. It's why a young person today, seeing a Tim Conway sketch for the first time, will laugh just as hard as their grandparents did in 1975.

The Writing Process: How Conway

Built a Sketch

Tim Conway was a meticulous writer. While he became famous for his improvisations, his character work was built on a solid foundation of sharp writing. He often wrote his own material. He would create a character, find a voice, and then look for the specific rhythms and traps of that voice. For example, the Pirate's voice was nasal and whining, setting up an expectation of complaint. Conway then used that voice to tell stories that were inherently unbelievable.

He also knew how to structure a sketch for maximum visual

payoff. He didn't just tell you the pirate had a wooden leg; he showed you the leg getting caught in a doorway, causing a cascade of chaos. He didn't just tell you the Old Man was confused; he showed you him trying to mail a letter at a fountain. Conway understood that a character is defined by their limitations. What a character cannot do is often funnier than what they can. By giving his characters deep, specific flaws, he gave himself a roadmap for comedy. Every sketch became a test: how will this specific character fail today?

The End

of an Era: Conway's Final Years and Influence

Tim Conway passed away in 2019, but his work has never been more visible. He is constantly cited by modern comedians from Bill Hader to the cast of *Key & Peele* as a primary influence. The specific brand of character comedy he perfected on **The Carol Burnett Show**—the mix of vulnerability, physicality, and improvisation—is the gold standard. Today's sketch shows often try to replicate

that magic, but few succeed because they lack the chemistry of that original cast. Conway, Burnett, Korman, Vicki Lawrence, and Lyle Waggoner were a family. The trust they had in each other allowed Conway to take risks. He knew he could fall over and Harvey would catch him (hopefully without laughing, though that usually failed). That safety net is essential for great comedy. Conway provided the risk, and the cast provided the safety.

CONCLUSION: THE TIMELESS APPEAL OF A MASTER COMEDIAN

In the grand history of television comedy, Tim Conway remains a singular figure. He was not the loudest

comedian in the room, nor the most cynical. He was, however, the most relentlessly funny. His characters on **The Carol Burnett Show**—from the stooped-over Mr. Tudball to the one-pirate Dooley—are monuments to the power of pure, character-driven laughter. They teach us that the best comedy comes from a place of genuine joy and playful experimentation.

Tim Conway's legacy is not just a collection of funny clips. It is a lesson in craft. It is a

reminder that writing, acting, and improvising are not separate skills but parts of a whole. He was a writer who could act, an actor who could improvise, and an improviser who was always in complete control of the chaos. Revisiting his work is a master class in how to be funny. And for that, generations of comedy fans will forever be grateful. The laughter he created with Carol, Harvey, and the rest of the cast remains a warm, brilliant light in the world of entertainment—a light that shows no signs of dimming.