
Correct Way To Write A Resume

Correct Way To Write A Resume

Downloaded from everybodystreet.com
by Semaj & Mccann

INTRODUCTION

Your resume is often the first impression you make on a potential employer. In a matter of seconds, a hiring manager or an applicant tracking system (ATS) decides whether to move your application forward or place it in the discard pile. Knowing the correct way to write a resume can mean the difference between landing an interview and being overlooked entirely. Many job seekers fall into common traps: using outdated formats, including irrelevant information, or failing to tailor their document to the role. This article will guide you through the essential steps to craft a resume that is clear, compelling, and optimized for both human readers and automated scanners. Whether you are a recent graduate or a seasoned professional, mastering the correct way to write a resume is a critical career skill.

UNDERSTANDING THE PURPOSE OF A RESUME

Before diving into structure and formatting, it is vital to understand what a resume is supposed to do. A resume is not a comprehensive autobiography; it is a targeted marketing document that highlights your most relevant qualifications for a specific position. The goal is to quickly communicate your value proposition and persuade the reader to invite you for an interview. Every section and sentence should serve this purpose. When you learn the correct way to write a resume, you shift your mindset from simply listing tasks to showcasing achievements and impact.

KEY ELEMENTS OF A CORRECT RESUME FORMAT

A correctly formatted resume follows a logical flow, uses consistent styling, and is easy to scan. While there is no single universal template, most successful resumes include the following core sections. Use clear headings, bullet points, and a clean font (such as Arial, Calibri, or Helvetica) at 10-12 point size. Keep margins between 0.5 and 1 inch. Save your file as a PDF unless the employer requests a Word document.

Contact Information

Place your name, phone number, professional email address, and LinkedIn profile at the top. Include your city and state, but omit your full street address for privacy. Ensure your email address looks professional (e.g., firstname.lastname@gmail.com). Avoid using nicknames or unprofessional handles. If you have a personal website or portfolio that is relevant, add it here. This is the first thing a recruiter sees, so make it accurate and simple.

Professional Summary or Objective

This optional but highly recommended section appears right after your contact information. A professional summary is a 2-4 sentence overview of your experience, key skills, and career goals. It should be tailored to the specific role you are applying for. For example, instead of writing "Experienced manager looking for new opportunities," write "Strategic operations

manager with 8 years of experience reducing costs by 20% and leading cross-functional teams in the logistics sector." An objective statement is better suited for entry-level candidates or career changers, as it focuses on what you hope to achieve. Whichever you choose, ensure it aligns with the employer's needs.

Work Experience

List your work history in reverse chronological order (most recent job first). For each position, include the company name, location, job title, and dates of employment (month and year). Under each role, use bullet points to describe your responsibilities and achievements. The correct way to write a resume here is to emphasize quantifiable results. Instead of "Managed a team," write "Managed a team of 12 sales representatives and increased quarterly revenue by 15%." Use action verbs such as "spearheaded," "optimized," "developed," and "implemented." Avoid passive language. If you have gaps in employment, be honest but frame them positively (e.g., freelance work, education, volunteering).

Education

Include your highest degree first, along with the institution name, location, degree earned, and graduation year. If you have a strong GPA (above 3.5) or relevant coursework, you may include that. For recent graduates, education can appear before work experience. For experienced professionals, it typically goes after. Always mention any honors, scholarships, or notable projects that relate to the job.

Skills

List hard skills (technical abilities like programming languages, software proficiency, data analysis) and soft skills (communication, leadership, problem-solving) that are directly relevant to the job. Use a mix of keywords from the job description. For example, if the posting requires "project management" and "Microsoft Excel," make sure those terms appear in your skills section. Avoid generic skills like "hardworking" or "team player" unless you can back them up with examples. Consider organizing skills into categories (e.g., Technical Skills, Language Skills) for clarity.

Optional Sections

Depending on your background, you may add sections such as Certifications, Volunteer Work, Publications, or Languages. Only include these if they strengthen your application. For instance, a project management certification is highly valuable for a PM role. A section on volunteer leadership can demonstrate initiative and community involvement. Keep it concise and relevant.

HOW TO TAILOR YOUR RESUME FOR EACH JOB

One of the most common mistakes is sending the same generic resume to every application. The correct way to write a resume involves customization. Carefully read the job description and note the required skills, qualifications, and responsibilities. Then

adjust your professional summary, work experience bullet points, and skills section to mirror those keywords. For example, if the role emphasizes "data-driven decision making," ensure that phrase or similar ones appear in your experience. Research the company culture and industry to tailor the tone and focus. Customization does not mean lying; it means highlighting the most relevant parts of your background. A tailored resume shows the employer that you have taken the time to understand their needs.

COMMON MISTAKES TO AVOID

- **Including irrelevant information:** Avoid listing hobbies or outdated jobs that do not support your current career goals.
- **Using an unprofessional email address:** Stick to simple formats.
- **Typos and grammatical errors:** Proofread multiple times and ask a friend to review.
- **Overly long resumes:** For most professionals, one page is sufficient; two pages are acceptable for extensive experience (10+ years). Never exceed two pages.
- **Using a generic objective:** Instead, use a tailored summary.
- **Inconsistent formatting:** Alignment, font size, and bullet styles should be uniform.
- **Including a photo or personal details like age, marital status, or race:** This is not standard in the US and can lead to bias.

RESUME WRITING TIPS FOR DIFFERENT INDUSTRIES

The correct way to write a resume can vary by field. For creative roles (graphic design, marketing), a visually appealing resume with a touch of design can help you stand out, but keep it readable. For corporate or finance positions, a traditional and conservative format is preferred. Tech resumes should emphasize technical skills, projects, and GitHub links. Academic resumes (CVs) include publications and research. Healthcare resumes might highlight certifications and clinical experience. Always research industry norms. For example, in consulting, a concise, results-driven resume is standard. In the nonprofit sector, highlighting mission alignment and volunteer leadership

can be beneficial.

THE IMPORTANCE OF KEYWORDS AND ATS

Many companies use applicant tracking systems (ATS) to filter resumes before a human ever sees them. These systems scan for specific keywords related to the job. The correct way to write a resume for ATS success is to use standard section headings (e.g., "Work Experience" instead of "Professional History"), avoid graphics or tables that might confuse the parser, and include relevant keywords naturally throughout your experience and skills sections. Do not stuff keywords; instead, integrate them into your bullet points. For instance, if the job requires "customer relationship management (CRM) software," mention that you "managed customer accounts using Salesforce CRM." Using both the full term and acronym can help.

PROOFREADING AND FINAL CHECKS

Before submitting, thoroughly proofread your resume. Read it aloud to catch awkward phrasing. Check for consistent verb tense (use past tense for previous jobs, present tense for current role). Verify that all dates are correct and align. Ensure your contact information is accurate. Save the file with a professional name, such as "JaneDoe_Resume.pdf." If the employer specifies a file format, follow it exactly. Consider using a resume checklist to ensure you have included all essential elements. Finally, test your resume by sending it to yourself and opening it on different devices to confirm formatting remains intact.

CONCLUSION

Writing a resume the correct way is not about following a single rigid formula; it is about strategically presenting your qualifications in a clear, concise, and targeted manner. By understanding the purpose of a resume, structuring it with the essential sections, tailoring it to each job, and avoiding common pitfalls, you can greatly increase your chances of getting noticed. Remember to incorporate relevant keywords for ATS optimization and to proofread meticulously. Your resume is your personal marketing tool — invest the time to craft it well. With these guidelines, you are now equipped to create a resume that opens doors to new opportunities. Start revising your resume today and take the next step in your career journey.